Performance evaluation of Ribospin[™] Pathogen/TNA from 4 types of pathogen

Experimental Conditions

Materials Required

- Ribospin™ Pathogen/TNA (341-150)
- 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube
- 1X PBS (Phosphate-buffered saline), pH 7.4 (SM-P04-100)
- Microcentrifuge (≤14,000 x g)
- Vortex mixer
- Pipette & sterilized pipette tips
- Suitable protector (e.g., lab coat, disposable gloves, goggles, etc.)

Sample Information

	Pathogen	Mycoplasma Gallisepticum (MG)	Infectious Bronchitis Virus (IBV)	Rabies Virus (RV)	Japanese Encephalitis Virus (JEV)
	Target	Pathogen DNA/RNA K562 cells infected with pathogen (1 x 10 ⁶ cells) 200 μl			
	Sample				
Ī	Sample amount				
Ī	Elution volume	50 μl			

Protocol

Ribospin™ Pathogen/TNA Protocol

* For more details and methods, please refer to the handbook of Ribospin™ Pathogen/TNA.

Preparation of Proteinase K solution

Proteinase K solution
 Before start experiment, Proteinase K (24 mg) mix to 1.2 ml of PK Storage Buffer carefully to avoid foaming.

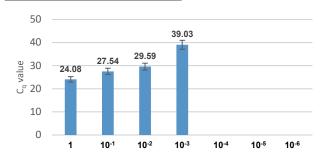
Protocol for K562 cells infected with pathogen

- 1. Transfer 200 μ l of sample (1 x 10 6 cells in 200 μ l of 1X PBS) to the 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube. If the sample volume is less than 200 μ l, adjust the volume to 200 μ l with 1X PBS.
- 2. Add 200 μ l of Buffer SL to the sample and vortex to mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add 20 μ l of Proteinase K solution (20 mg/ml, provided) and 200 μ l of Buffer KL to the sample. Vortex vigorously to mix thoroughly.
- 4. Incubate at RT for 10 min.
- 5. Add 300 μ l of Buffer RB1 to the sample, pulse-vortex to mix the sample thoroughly, and spin down briefly to remove any drops from inside of the lid.

- 6. Transfer the mixture to the Column Type P (mini) carefully, centrifuge at 10,000 x g above for 1 min, and discard the pass-through and reinsert the mini column back into the collection tube.
- 7. Add $600 \,\mu$ l of Buffer RBW to the mini column, centrifuge at 10,000 x g above for 1 min, and discard the pass-through and reinsert the mini column back into the collection tube.
- 8. Add 600 μ l of Buffer RNW to the mini column, centrifuge at 10,000 x g above for 1 min, and discard the pass-through and reinsert the mini column back into the collection tube.
- Centrifuge at full speed for 1 min to remove residual wash buffer. Place the mini column into a fresh 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.
- 10. Add 50 μ l of nuclease-free water to the center of the membrane in the mini column. Incubate at room temperature for 1 min.
- 11. Centrifuge at full speed for 1 min.

Result

Mycoplasma Gallisepticum (MG)



Infectious Bronchitis Virus (IBV)

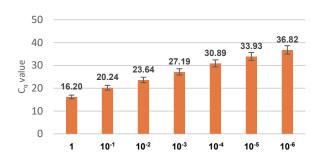


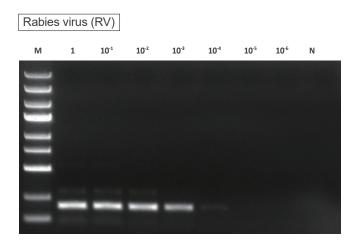
Figure 1. qPCR for the sensitivity evaluation

The samples infected with pathogens (MG, IBV) were serially diluted from 10⁻¹ to 10⁻⁶ respectively, and TNA was extracted using Ribospin™ Pathogen/TNA. qPCR was performed to measure the sensitivity of the extraction.

- Real-time PCR system: CFX96™ System (1855201, supplier B)
- qPCR kit: RealAmp™ 2X qPCR Master Mix (801-020)
- RT-qPCR kit: HyperScript™ One-step RT-PCR Master Mix (602-110)

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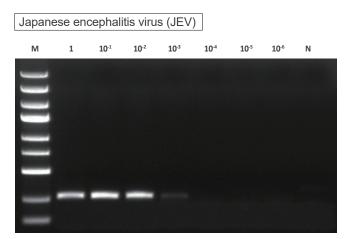


Figure 2. RT-PCR and electrophoresis for the sensitivity evaluation

The samples infected with pathogens (RV, JEV) were serially diluted from 10⁻¹ to 10⁻⁶ respectively, and TNA was extracted using Ribospin™ Pathogen/TNA. RT-PCR and electrophoresis were performed to measure the sensitivity of the extraction.

- RT-PCR kit: HyperScript™ One-step RT-PCR Master Mix (602-110)
- PCR system: MultiGene™ Optimax Thermal Cycler (TC9610, supplier L)
- M: GENESTA™ 250 bp DNA Ladder (GA-025)
- N: negative control
- Gel electrophoresis condition: 1.2% agarose gel